POST-EMPLOYMENT RESTRICTIONS

Are there restrictions on a former employee after leaving Federal service?

- Yes. A former employee may not represent anyone before a Federal agency or Federal court regarding:
- any specific-party matter on which the employee worked or
- for two years after leaving the Government, any specific-party matter on which a subordinate of the former employee worked.

Are these the only restrictions?

- No. A former employee may not:
- use or disclose protected nonpublic information.
- receive payment for representational activities of others that took place during the period the former employee worked for the Government, and
- testify on matters related to the former employee's Government work.

What is a "specific-party matter"?

• Any matter in which those involved are identified by name, such as a contract, grant, patent, license, or trade agreement.

What is "representing"?

• Communicating to a Federal official to influence Government action on behalf of another.

Are there any additional restrictions applicable to some former Federal employees but not others?

- Yes. In addition to the general restrictions on all employees:
- senior employees (employees paid \$142,898 or more per year) are barred for one year from representing anyone before their former agencies and from representing or advising a foreign government,
- attorneys are subject to restrictions set forth in bar rules.
- employees who received buy-outs are subject to a 5-year bar on reemployment with the Government,
- procurement officials and project managers are barred for one year from receiving compensation from the winning bidder of a major procurement (\$10,000,000 or more) on which they had significant responsibilities,
- EDA employees are barred for two years from working for EDA grantees in some cases, and
- USPTO employees are barred for one year from obtaining patent rights.

How may one obtain advice on these rules?

• By contacting the Ethics Division at 202-482-5384.

A WORD ABOUT ETHICS

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